

## SCIENTIST PROFILE



1. Name & Designation : Dr. Sumanta Kumar Mishra  
Senior Scientist
2. Date of Birth : 6<sup>th</sup> June, 1968
3. Date of joining ICAR : 19<sup>th</sup> August, 1999
4. Date of joining the present post : 31<sup>st</sup> July, 2007
5. Qualification (highest degree) : Ph.D (Agricultural Extension)
6. Post Doctoral Research Experience/Training:
  - One month Refresher Course on “Faculty Development Programme in Educational Technology” organized by the Academy of Agricultural Research and Education Management (AAREM), Haryana Agricultural University (HAU), Hisar during May 10 - June 6, 2000.
7. Area of Specialization/research interest:
  - Impact Assessment, Participatory Extension Research, Training, ITK
8. Significant Contribution including products and patents (Five bullets):
  - Performance appraisal of NGOs working in agricultural development in India.
  - Appraisal of public sector extension service delivery system in India.
  - Documentation of indigenous technical knowledge (ITKs) in fisheries and agriculture.
  - Assessment of communication behavior of public sector extension personnel.
  - Development of Competency Development Index (CDI) for fisheries extension personnel.
9. Awards/Honours:
  - ISEE Fellow Award–2008 received from the Indian Society of Extension Education (ISEE), New Delhi during its National Seminar-2008 on “Innovative Extension Strategies for Agricultural Development and Rural Prosperity” held at RAU, Pusa, Samastipur, Bihar in recognition of the meritorious services to the discipline of Extension Education.
  - Best Worker Award-2006-07 received from the Director, CRRI, Cuttack during the CRRI Foundation Day on 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2007.
  - Best Poster Award as first author given by the Association of Rice Research Workers (ARRW) during the National symposium on Rice-based Cropping Systems held at CRRI, Cuttack.
  - M.Sc. (Ag) Gold Medalist received from the Vice Chancellor, Banaras Hindu University (BHU), Varanasi for being the topper in M.Sc.(Ag) in Agricultural Extension of 1991-93 batch.
10. Publications (10 best):
  - i. Devi B Nightingale, **Mishra SK**, Pawar NA, Das Lipi and Das S (2013). Traditional fish aggregating wisdom of Manipur, Northeastern India. **Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge** 12(1): 130-136.
  - ii. Devi B Nightingale, **Mishra SK**, Das Lipi, Pawar NA and Chanu Th. Ibencha (2013). Traditional Fishing Methods in Central valley region of Manipur, India. **Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge** 12(1): 137-143.
  - iii. Das Lipi, Rath NC, and **Mishra SK** (2010). Appropriateness of Improved Rice Cultivation Technologies for Upland Ecosystem. **Indian Research Journal of Extension Education, Society of Extension Education, Agra** 10(1): 29-32.
  - iv. **Mishra SK** and Das Lipi (2009). Impact of front line demonstration on the knowledge and adoption level of farmers in rice-based farming system. **Oryza** 46(1): 71-74.

- v. Das Lipi, **Mishra SK**, Burman RR, Nayak AK, Mahanta KK, Nagrare V and Doley S (2002). Problem Identification Through Participatory Rural Appraisal. **Indian Journal of Extension Education** XXXVIII (3&4): 226-230.
- vi. **Mishra SK** and Das Lipi (2002). Perceived Constraints of Tribal Women in Farm and Home Activities. **Journal of Extension Education, OUAT** VII(1&2): 91-94.
- vii. **Mishra SK**, Dubey VK and Pandey RC (2000). Rain Forecasting in Indian Almanacs (*Panchangs*) : A Case for Making Krishi Panchang. **Asian Agri-History** 6(1): 29-42.
- viii. **Mishra SK** and De Dipak (1997). Non-Governmental Organization (NGOs) as Catalysts of Rural Development: An Evaluative Study. **Journal of Extension Education, OUAT** II(1&2): 82-85.
- ix. **Mishra SK**, Devi Manju, Goyal K and Dubey VK (1996). Gender Presentation in Indian Print Media: A Comparative study between leading English and Hindi Magazines. **Interaction, NCDC, Varanasi (now Journal of Communication Studies)** 14(2): 64-79.
- x. **Mishra SK**, De Dipak and Das Lipi (1996). Factors affecting the Attitude of Employees of NGOs towards their Organizations. **Madras Agricultural Journal** 83(2): 77-79.